

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期): 2019-12-9

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM $450V33\mu F(\phi 16x20)$

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER								
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)							
赵安平	刘渭清							

CUSTOMER									
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE								
(批准)	(签名)								

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

	SPECIFICATION				ALTERN	IATION HIS	STORY
		KM SERI	ES		RECORDS		
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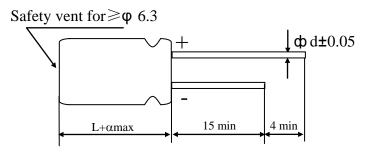
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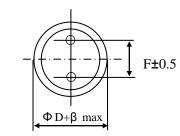
ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





α	L<20 : α=1.5; L≥20 : α=2.0
β	$\Phi D < 20 : \beta = 0.5; \ \Phi D \ge 20 : \beta = 1.0$

* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

No.	SAMXON Part No.	WV (Vdc)	Cap.	Cap.	Temp. range(°C)	tan δ (120Hz,	Leakage Current	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz	Load lifetime		nension (mm)		Sleeve
	Turt 1(0.	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1)		runge(c)	20°C)	(μA,2min)	(mA rms)	(Hrs)	D×L	F	фd	
1	EKM336M2WK20RR**Z	450	33	-20%~+20%	-25~105	0.24	485.5	215	2000	16X20	7.5	0.8	PET

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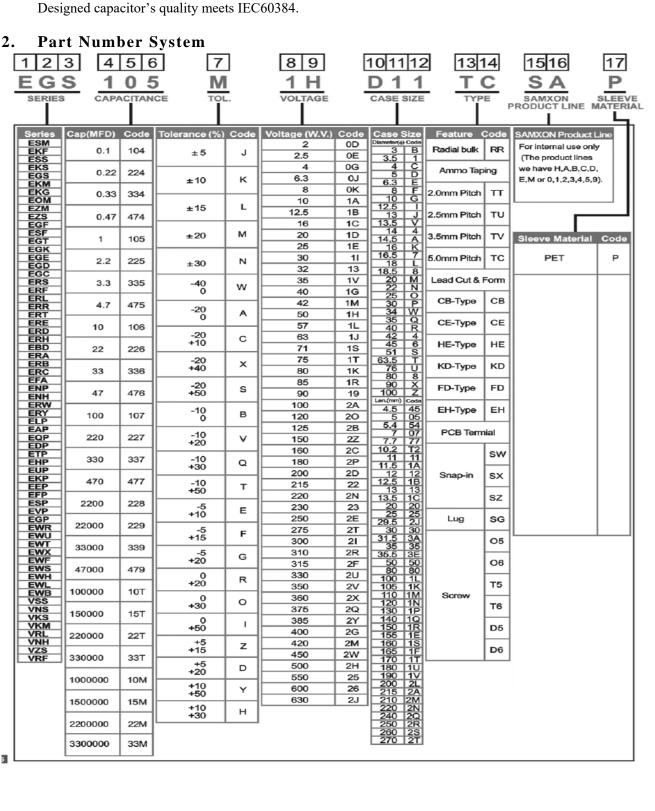
CONTENTS Sheet Application 4 2. Part Number System 4 3. Construction 5 4. Characteristics 5~10 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 tanδ 4.5 Terminal strength 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Shelf life test 4.9 Surge test 4.10 Vibration 4.11 Solderability test 4.12 Resistance to solder heat 4.13 Change of temperature 4.14 Damp heat test 4.15 Vent test 4.16 Maximum permissible (ripple current) 5. List of "Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ('Controlled 11 Substances')" **Attachment: Application Guidelines** 12~15

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1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.



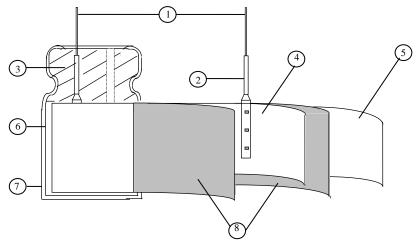
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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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1 aut	e 2											
	ITEM				PE	RFOR	MANC	E				
	Rated voltage (WV)	WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)	6.3	10		6 0	25 32	35 44	50	63 79	100 125	
4.1	Surge voltage (SV)	WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)	160	200 250	220 270	250 300	350 400	400	420 470	450	550 600	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria></criteria>	<condition> Measuring Frequency : 120Hz±12Hz Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms Measuring Temperature : 20±2℃ <criteria> Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance.</criteria></condition>									
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. Criteria> Refer to Table 1										
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Norm Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> Refer to Table 1</criteria></condition>										
4.5	Terminal strength	Condition> Tensile Strength of Terminals Fixed the capacitor, applied force to the terminal in lead out direction for 10±1 seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals. Fixed the capacitor, applied force to bent the terminal (1~4 mm from the rubber) for 90° within 2~3 seconds, and then bent it for 90° to its original position within 2~3 seconds. Diameter of lead wire Tensile force N (kgf) (kgf) 0.5mm and less 5 (0.51) 2.5 (0.25) Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm 10 (1.0) 5 (0.51) *Criteria> No noticeable changes shall be found, no breakage or looseness at the terminal.										

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		<condition></condition>								
		STEP	Testi	ng Tempe	erature(°C)			Time		
		1		20±2			to rea	ch thermal	equilibri	um
		2		-40(-25)	±3			ch thermal		
		3		20±		-		ch thermal	_	
		4		105±				ch thermal	-	
		5		20±				ch thermal	_	
		<criteria></criteria>		20 _		111110	10 100		equinori	
		a. tanδ shall	be with	nin the lim	nit of Item	4.4The le	eakag	e current m	easured	shall not
		more than 8 times								
		b. In step 5, ta		-		it of Iter	n 4.4	The leakage	current	shall not
	Temperature	more than the						C		
4.6	characteristi	c. At-40°C (-2	25°C), i	mpedance	e (z) ratio s	hall not	excee	d the value	of the fo	llowing
	cs	table.					1			
		Working Voltag	ge (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20	0℃	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20	0℃	10	8	6	4	3	3	3
		Working Voltag	10 (V)	100	160~220	250~3	250	400~420	450	550
		Z-25°C/Z+20		2	3	4	550	6	15	15
		$Z-40^{\circ}C/Z+20^{\circ}$		3						
					E 4 110		41 1	000 F.C	7.05/7	. 20°C
		For capacitance	e value	> 1000µ		-		•		
		Capacitance, tai		·	Add 1.0	per anot	her 1	000µ F for		
		•		·	Add 1.0	per anot	her 1	000µ F for		
		Capacitance, tar	nδ , an	d impeda	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per anot	ther 1 ed at	000µ F for 120Hz.	Z-40°C/	Z+20℃.
		Capacitance, tar	nδ , an	d impedan	Add 1.0 nce shall b	e measur	her 1 ed at	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a	Z-40°C/	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple</condition>	nδ, an EC6038 h DC bi	d impedants 84-4No.4. ias voltage sl	Add 1.0 nce shall b	s, The ca	ed at pacite le cur rate	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tal	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
		Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should</condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours reco	s, The ca	ed at pacite le cur rate	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tal	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
	Load	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m</condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10	Add 1.0 nce shall b 13 method e plus the rhall not ex 6 hours reco	s, The ca	ed at pacite le cur rate	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tal	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria></criteria></condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test the	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10 following	Add 1.0 nce shall but 1.13 method e plus the refull not ex 6 hours receptable:	s, The ca ated ripp acceed the	pacito e rate	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tal d working at atmospher	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
4.7		Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteri</criteria></condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test the stic sha	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage si ed after 10 following	Add 1.0 nce shall but 13 method e plus the reful not ex 6 hours record table:	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing	pacito pacito rate rate ments	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tal d working at atmospheres.	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteri Leakage</criteria></condition>	EC6038 h DC bi peak be test heet the	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sled after 10 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the re thall not ex 6 hours record table: The following value in	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing g require 4.3 shall	pacito pacito rate rate ime a	000µ F for 120Hz. or is stored a rent for Tald working at atmospheres.	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tooltage)	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the
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4.7	life	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result s</condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test the stic share currer ance Cl	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage voltage sl ed after 10 following all meet the	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the result of the re	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing a g require 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	ments be sa initia initia	or is stored a rent for Tald working at atmospheres. Stisfied al value. The specific ge of electrons	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Total voltage) ric condi	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of Then the tions. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result should m <criteria> The characteri Leakage Capacita tanδ Appeara <condition> The capacitors a</condition></criteria></condition>	EC6038 h DC bit peak be test the stic share currer ance Clarace	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sled after 10 following all meet that thange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the result in the re	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing a g require 4.3 shall 220% of than 200 all be no	ments be sa initia 0% of leaka	or is stored a rent for Tald working at atmospheres. It the specific ge of electrons at temperature.	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Total voltage) ric conditions ed value olyte.	Z+20°C. Derature of the sum of then the tions. The
4.7	life	Capacitance, tan <condition> According to II 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should result s</condition>	EC6038 h DC bi peak be test neet the stic sha e currer ance Cl ance	d impedar 84-4No.4. ias voltage sled after 10 following all meet that hange	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the result hall not ex 6 hours received table: The following table in Within ± Not more the shall had to voltatis period the shall had to	s, The ca ated ripp acced the overing to 4.3 shall 20% of than 200 all be no	ments be sa initia 10% of leaka	or is stored a rent for Tald working at atmospherical value. The specific ge of electronal temperatural be rem	Z-40°C/ at a tempole 1. (Tovoltage) ric conditions and value oblyte. re of 105 oved from	Z+20°C. Deterature of the sum of the sum of the the tions. The sum of the tions are
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	T		
		<criteria></criteria>	
		The characteristic shall meet the	
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
4.0	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial value.
4.8	life	tanδ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
	test	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		Remark: If the capacitors are st	ored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		increase. Please apply voltage t	through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
4.9	Surge test	The capacitor shall be submitted followed discharge of 5 min 30. The test temperature shall be Cr. Nominal Capacitance (p. 1) < Criteria> Leakage current Capacitance Change tano Appearance Attention:	15~35°C.
4.10	Vibration test	perpendicular directions. Vibration frequency rang Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate Mounting method: The capacitor with diameter gree in place with a bracket. 4mm or less Criteria> After the test, the following ite Inner construction Appearance No Appearance Of	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute eater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30° To be soldered

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		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under the followin	g conditions:
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C	
		Dipping depth	: 2mm	
4.11	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5m	nm/s
4.11	test	Dipping time	: 3±0.5s	
		<c<u>riteria></c<u>		
		Coating quality	A minimi immersed	um of 95% of the surface being
			•	
		<condition></condition>		
		_		nto solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C for $10\pm$
		1seconds or $400 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C for	or 3^{+1}_{-0} seconds to 1.5~2	.0mm from the body of capacitor .
		Then the capacitor shall b	e left under the norma	al temperature and normal humidity
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea	surement.	
4.12	solder heat	<criteria></criteria>		
	test	Leakage current	Not more than	the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	o of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than	the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be	no leakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
			rding to IEC60384-4N	o.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		placed in an oven, the con		
		•	emperature	Time
		(1)+20°C	F	≤ 3 Minutes
	CI C		ature (-40°C) (-25°C)	30 ± 2 Minutes
4.13	Change of temperature	(3)Rated high tempe		30 ± 2 Minutes
	test	(1) to (3)=1 cycle, to		30±2 Windes
		< <u>(1) to (3)=1 eyele, to</u>	tai 5 cyclc	
		The characteristic shall m	neet the following requ	irement
		Leakage current		
		tanδ	Not more than the	
		Appearance		leakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>	THEFT SHAFF OF HE	Tourings of Grounds yet.
		Humidity Test:		
		•	4No.4.12 methods, cap	pacitor shall be exposed for 500 ± 8
		hours in an atmosphere o	f 90~95%R H .at 40 \pm	2°C, the characteristic change shall
		meet the following requir	rement.	
		< <u>Criteria></u>		
4 1 4	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more than the sp	pecified value.
4.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of in	itial value.
		tanδ	Not more than 120%	of the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no lea	akage of electrolyte.

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4.15	Vent test	with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is current selected <table 3=""> Diameter (m 22.4 or les Over 22.4 <criteria> The vent shall op</criteria></table>	ss 1	larity re	versed	to a DC	power	source. T	Γhen a
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	at 120Hz and of Table-1 The combined	permissible ripple currean be applied at maximal value of D.C voltage and shall not reverse volutipliers: Coefficient Freq. (Hz) Cap.(µ F) ~47 68~470 ≥560 0.47~220 ≥270	mum op and the oltage.	erating	temper	ature		ed the
4.17	"S" countermea - sures	Criteria> After the caparinutes, at least 6 no venting or no sh	: Rated voltage > t : 1A Max	I to 1.5 (samer ventil	times	numbei l blowi	rated v =10pie	eces) sh	all be

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances				
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds				
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds				
Heavy metais	Mercury and mercury compounds				
	Hexavalent chromium compounds				
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)				
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)				
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)				
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)				
	Other chlorinated organic compounds				
D 1	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)				
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including				
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])				
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds				
Tributyltin compo	ounds(TBT)				
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)				
Asbestos					
Specific azo com	pounds				
Formaldehyde					
Beryllium oxide					
Beryllium coppe	er				
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)				
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)				
Perfluorooctane s	sulfonates (PFOS)				
Specific Benzotri	azole				

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1.Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while $\tan \delta$ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately 1kΩ.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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